

CDP Asia Pacific Disclosure Workshops

2024 SME Disclosure Workshop

4 July 2024

Please note:

- All attendees are muted upon entry
- Please ensure you have connected your device's audio
- Please raise questions in the Q&A box
- Slides and recording of this webinar will be shared with all registrants

Today's Agenda

- Overview
 - o Brief introduction to CDP why disclose?
 - New SME questionnaire, 2024 scoring approach and eligibility criteria
- Portal & Questionnaire Walkthrough
 - Structure of SME questionnaire all about 5W1H
 - Navigating the CDP portal
 - The WHEN: Company details
 - The WHY: Risks & Opportunities
 - The WHAT and WHERE: Environmental Performance
 - The WHO: Governance
 - The HOW: Strategy
- Resources & Next Steps
- **Q&A**





Introduction to CDP

Why companies disclose their environmental performance

About us

CDP is a global nonprofit that runs the world's environmental disclosure system for companies, cities, states and regions.



What you can measure, you can manage.



700+

financial institutions with US\$142 trillion in assets



330+

purchasing organizations with an annual spend of US\$6.4 trillion



23,000+

disclosing companies



1,100+

disclosing cities, states & regions

SMEs are an integral part of our economy





Significant economic actors

SMEs account for **70-90% of all firms** and rely heavily on financing from banks. However, they are largely excluded from mainstream environmental reporting practices and regulation



Major players in global value chains

With SMEs largely omitted from mainstream environmental reporting, many capital markets and purchasers **lack** sufficient insight into the full extent of risks, opportunities and impacts across portfolios and supply chains



Future-proofed against future requirements

By building a tailored disclosure experience, CDP will scale this rapidly over the coming years and support SMEs to prepare for future regulatory and market requirements.



Disclosure benefits to SMEs





Access to capital

Quantifying risk and opportunity



Business competitiveness and access to buyers

Procurement and building business



Compliance

Mandatory or voluntary



New SME questionnaire tailored to your needs



Alignment doesn't mean CDP is taking a 'one-size-fits-all' approach.

CDP is introducing a dedicated questionnaire for SMEs in 2024. This will make it easier to understand where SMEs should focus their attention, build capacity and act.

■ With fewer questions, a simplified format and enhanced guidance, CDP's climate-focused SME questionnaire is well-matched to the resources of SMEs.

Approach to scoring in 2024

CDP DISCLOSURE INSIGHT ACTION

- ▼ For 2024 the SME questionnaire is only scored for Climate change; Forests and Water are not scored. (Datapoints on Forests and Water will only be presented if a discloser has been requested to report or has opted in to report on these environmental issues.)
- Disclosers are assessed across 4 levels that represent the steps an organization moves through towards environmental stewardship. These 4 levels are: SME Disclosure, SME Awareness, SME Management and SME Leadership. In 2024, SMEs will be scored at the Disclosure, Awareness and Management levels.

Progressing towards environmental stewardship



Minimum score requirements must be met at one scoring level before a responder can be given credit for the next scoring level.

Disclosure

score measures the completeness of an organization's reporting

(score band: SME D)

Awareness

score measures the comprehensiveness of an organization's evaluation of how environmental issues intersect with their business

(score band: SME C)

Management

score recognizes
answers that provide
evidence of
undertaking actions
associated with good
environmental
management

(score band: SME B)

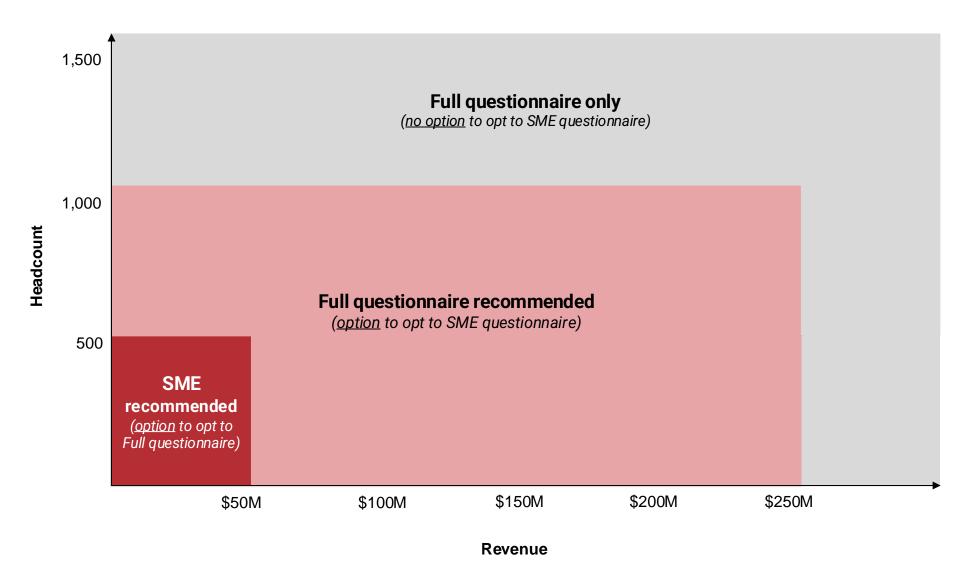
Leadership

score will not be provided in 2024. Data from this inaugural year will enable us to develop meaningful Leadership scoring for SMEs in future years

for more details: <u>CDP SME Scoring Introduction 2024</u>

SME disclosure eligibility and options





Setting up your questionnaire with CDP



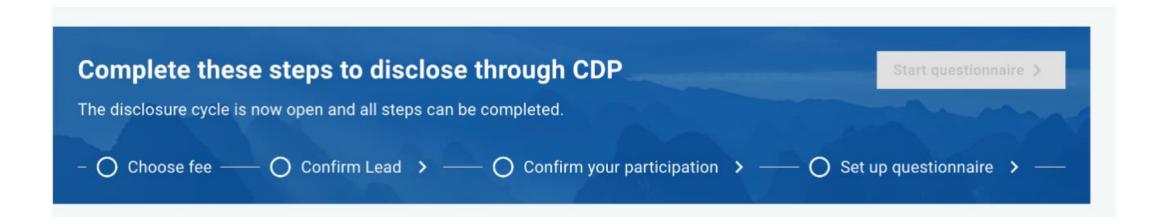
About your organization	Annual revenue (in USD) in reporting year			
	Total employees (staff headcount)			
	Full or SME questionnaire eligibility			
Activity classification	Business activities according to CDP-ACS*			
	Request to disclose on climate change			
1	Request to disclose on additional environmental issues			
Intent to submit	Intent to submit			

^{*} **ACS** stands for Activity Classification System – This system categorizes organizations by focusing on the activities from which they derive revenue



Navigating your CDP Dashboard

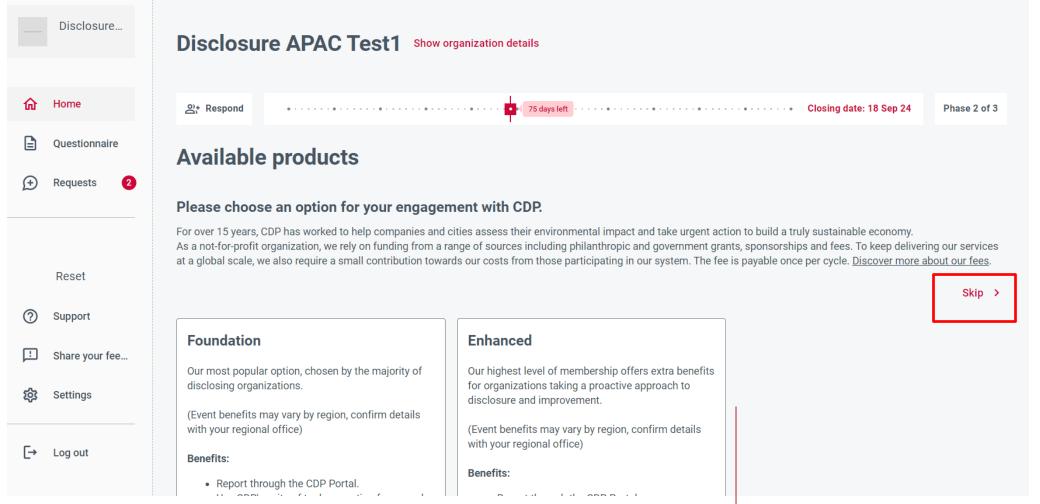




- ▼Confirm lead, Confirm Participation; Set up Questionnaire
- Complete 'Questionnaire Setup' to start populating questionnaire

Dashboard - Homepage





If you are unsure of which fees to select, Skip this step first.

You will be presented with your fee options here, **fees vary depending on who requested your company to disclose**.

Select Submission Lead

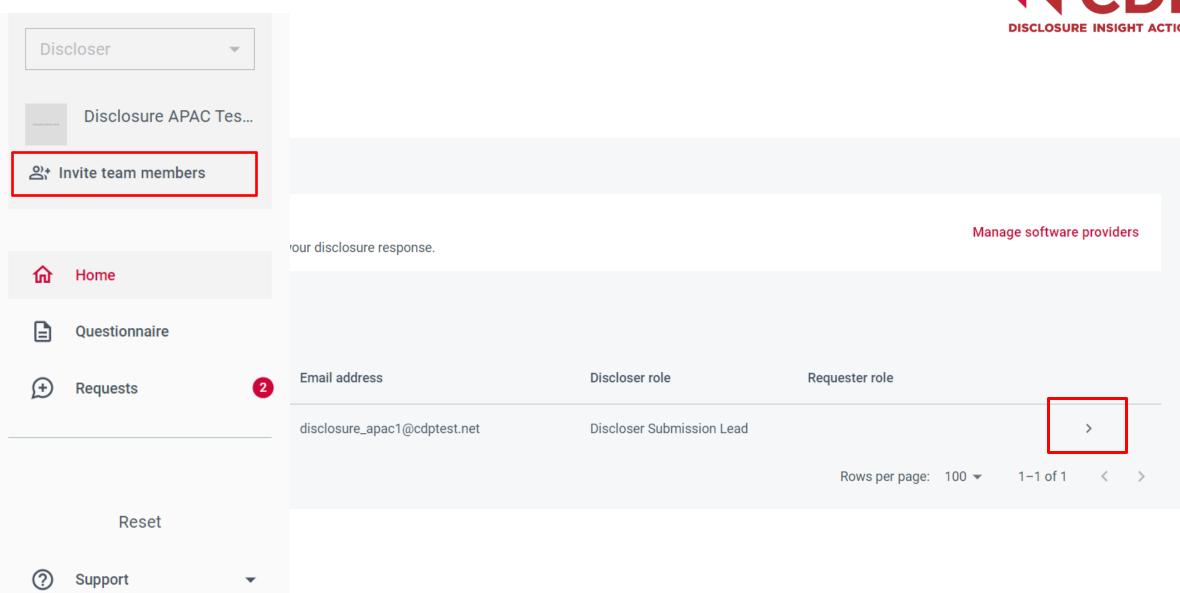




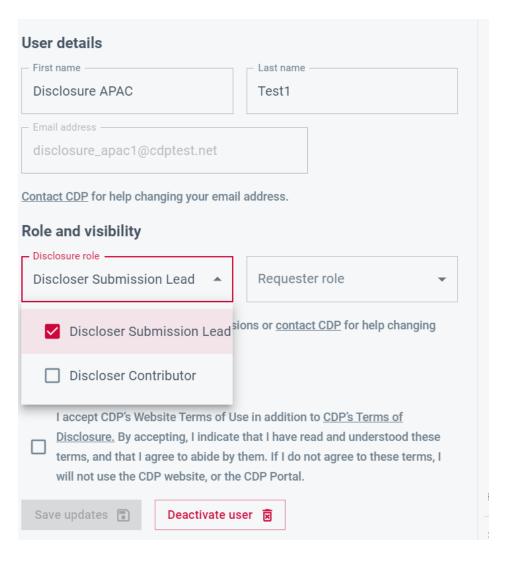
- The Submission lead has the following privileges:
 - ▼ Select fee
 - ▼ Set up Questionnaire
 - Submit Questionnaire
 - Can only be assigned by the user themselves

Invite team members/Select Lead





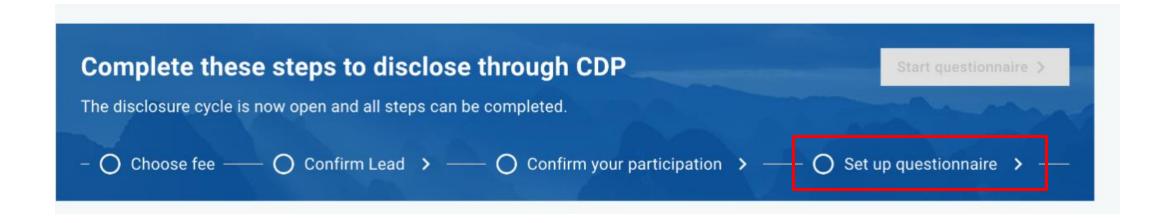
Select Submission Lead





Questionnaire Set up





Questionnaire Set up – first page



Set up your CDP questionnaire

These introductory questions help us customize the questionnaire for your organization.

Note:

Start questionnaire setup

- · Your answers here will not be publicly disclosed, even if you choose to make the rest of your CDP response public;
- · These questions are not part of your final submission;
- You can change your answers at any time until you submit your final CDP response;
- If you change your answers, the sections in your CDP questionnaire may change too.

The questions cover the following topics. Some may not be presented to your organization:

About your organization
Activity classification
Assessment of environmental issues
Intent to submit
Additional information

Selecting the SME Questionnaire



About your organization

Your organization's questionnaire

CDP acknowledges that Small and Medium-sized Enterprises (SMEs) may have different reporting capabilities and requirements compared to larger companies. For this reason, CDP has two corporate questionnaires:

- The full corporate questionnaire is suitable for large companies and organizations, and includes sector-specific data points.
- The **SME corporate questionnaire** is tailored to the needs of SMEs and contains fewer, simplified data points. Only organizations which meet CDP's SME <u>eligibility thresholds</u> may complete the SME questionnaire.

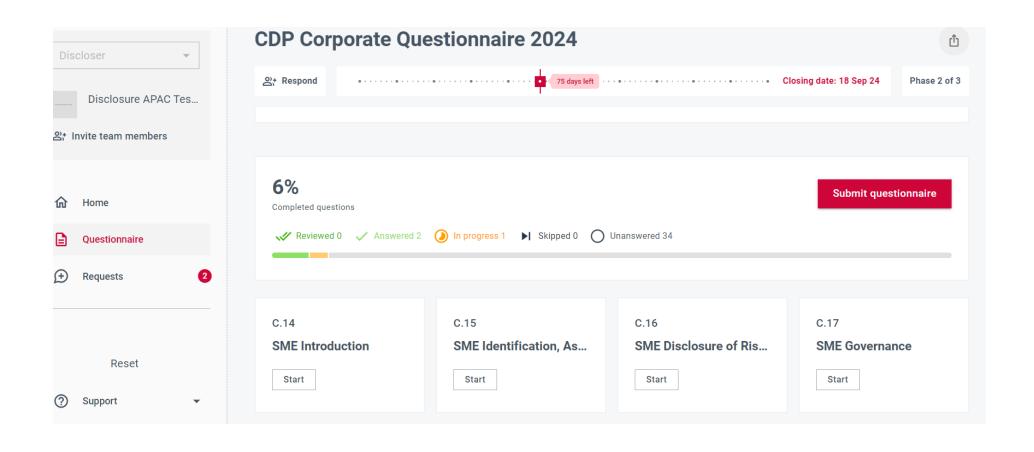
Based on your responses to the previous revenue and FTE questions, you are eligible to complete the SME version questionnaire. However, it is recommended to complete the full version questionnaire.

◉	We intend	to	complete	the SME	questionnaire.
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We intend to complete the full corporate questionnaire, as recommended.

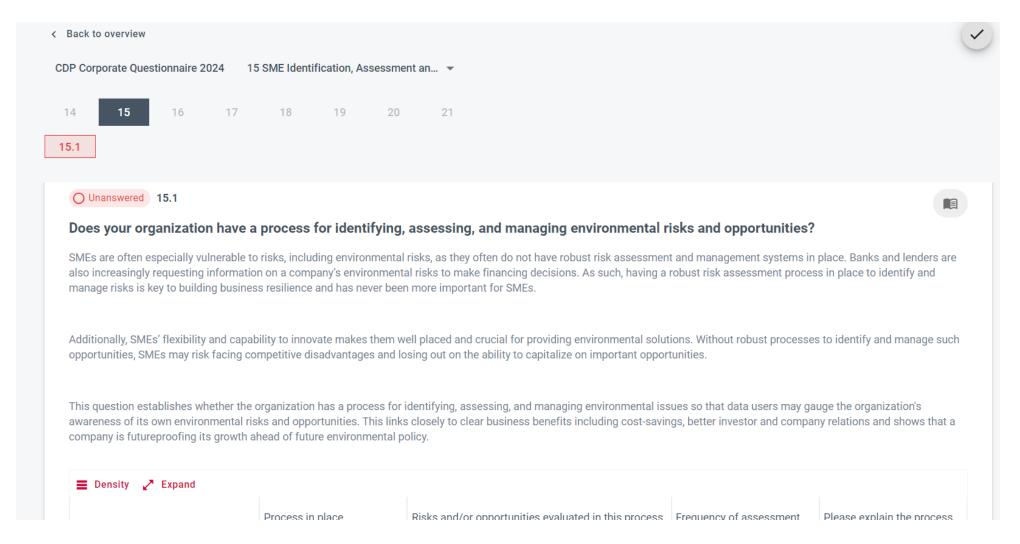
SME Questionnaire Dashboard





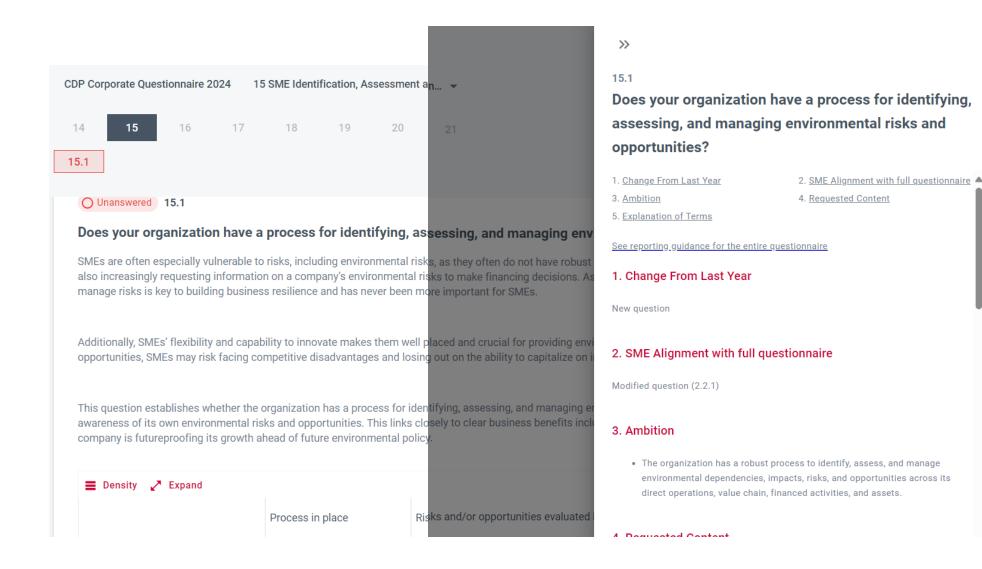
SME Questionnaire – Module Focus





SME Questionnaire – Question Level Guidance



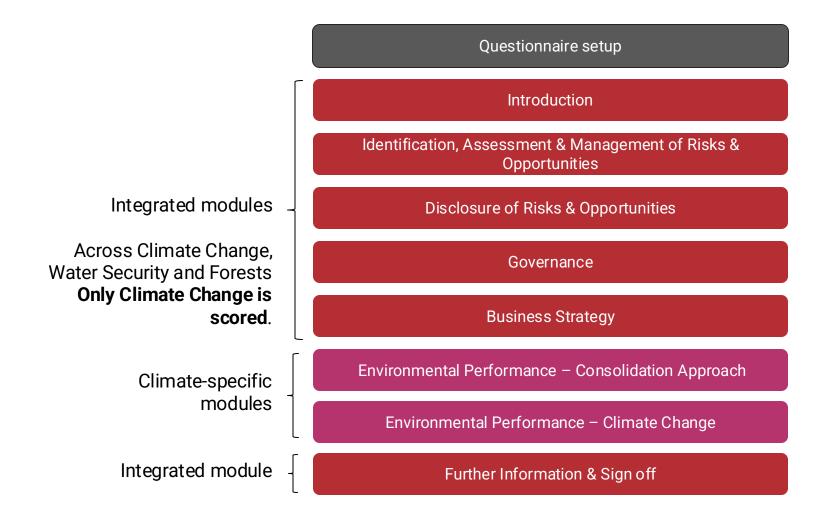




2024 Questionnaire layout and structure

SME corporate questionnaire





Information required is much less than the full version

What kind of information is required?

The 5W1H in reporting for your company

SME Questionnaire Modules

Key information requested

The WHEN: Your company's reporting cycles and other information

The WHY: Risks and Opportunities as the motivation to take sustainability action

The **WHO**: Who is responsible for sustainability in your organisation?

The **HOW**: How is your organisation going to meet your sustainability goals?

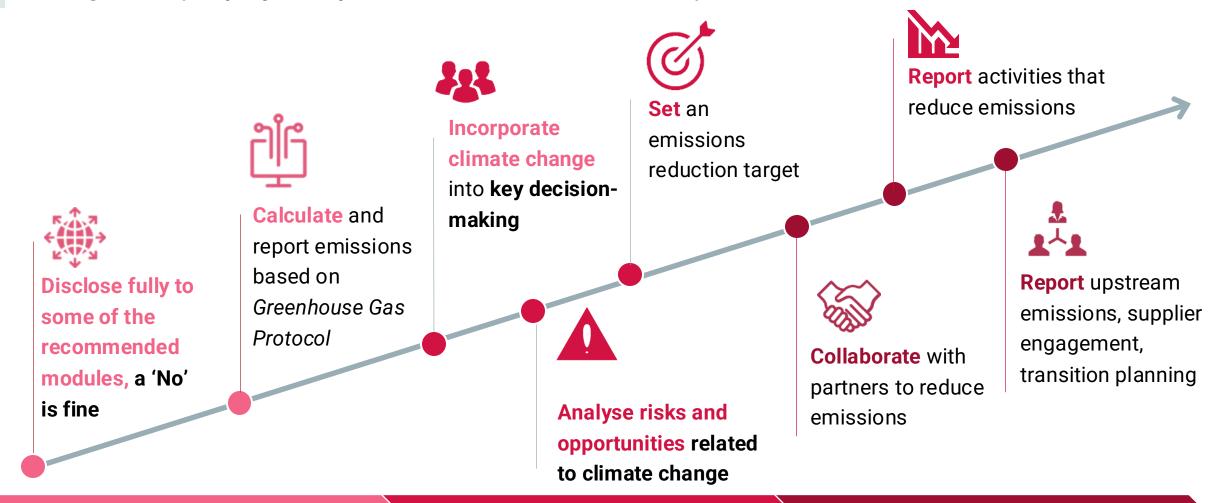
The **WHAT and WHERE?**: What are your sustainability metrics in climate change?

Introduction Identification, Assessment & Management of Risks & Opportunities Disclosure of risks and opportunities Governance **Business Strategy** Environmental Performance – Consolidation Approach Environmental Performance – Climate Change Further Information & Sign off

What is the pathway for my company?

A single company's journey to environmental stewardship







Start & End Date of Accounting







State the end date of the year for which you are reporting data.

This question allows for the establishment of context to enable consistent year-to-year comparisons and assessments of an organization's environmental progress. It enhances transparency and accountability and aids data users in interpreting your responses in relation to the reported timeframe.



What **period** should I be accounting for?

The best practice for carbon accounting typically follows that of the financial year, e.g. FY2023

Rationale: There are certain metrics such as intensity that requires input of financial data of the same period to determine your emissions efficiency – e.g. emissions intensity.

This also follows best practice according to ISSB standards and the GHG protocol.



Why Risks and Opportunities?





Risks

SMEs are especially vulnerable to risks, which includes **environmental risks** borne from environmental issues.

Having robust risk assessment and management builds business resilience. It is increasingly important to banks and lenders.



Opportunities

SMEs are small and flexible, capable to innovate towards providing environmental solutions.

Having robust opportunities identification and management will allow you to have a competitive edge and capitalise on opportunities.

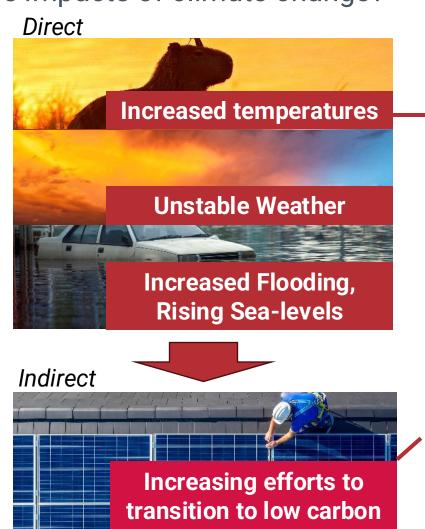


How does climate change affect my business?



What are some impacts of climate change?





How might climate change impact your company?

Physical Risks

- Short-term : More natural disasters
- Long-term : Temperature increase

Transition Risks

- Regulations
 - Carbon Tax, etc.
- Technological
 - New greener technologies, etc.
- Market
 - Change in consumer preferences, etc.

Poll



Which of the following could be categorized as a physical risk?

- a. New Green Technology
- b. Climate policies
- c. Heat waves and wildfires

Types of Opportunities

Leveraging on activities that can combat climate change and its impacts





Resource Efficiency

Improve **resource efficiency**, Such as energy or material efficiency



Market

diversify their activities and better position for the transition to a low-carbon economy



Energy Source

shift energy usage toward low emission energy sources



Resilience

develop adaptive capacity to respond to climate change



Product and Services

innovate and **develop new low-emission and climate adaptation products** & services



Risks and Opportunities - Processes



2024 SME MODULES

M14 Introduction

M15 Identification, assessment and management of risks and opportunities

M16 Disclosure of risks and opportunities

M17 Governance

M18 Business strategy

M19-20 Environmental performance

M21 Further information & sign off

Module 15: Identification, assessment and management of risks and opportunities

Process for identifying, assessing, and managing risks and opportunities

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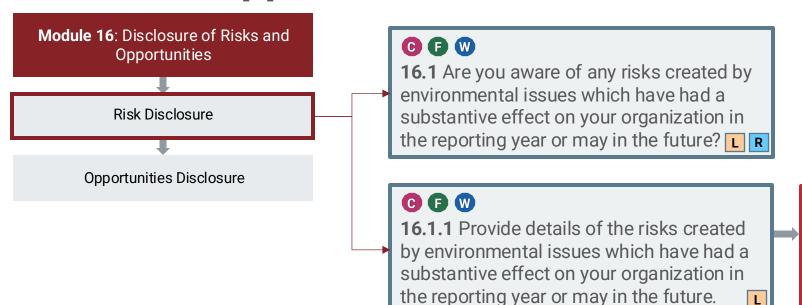
15.1 Does your organization have a process for identifying, assessing, and managing environmental risks and opportunities?

Key datapoints

- Frequency of assessment
- Please explain the process

Risks and Opportunities - Risk disclosure





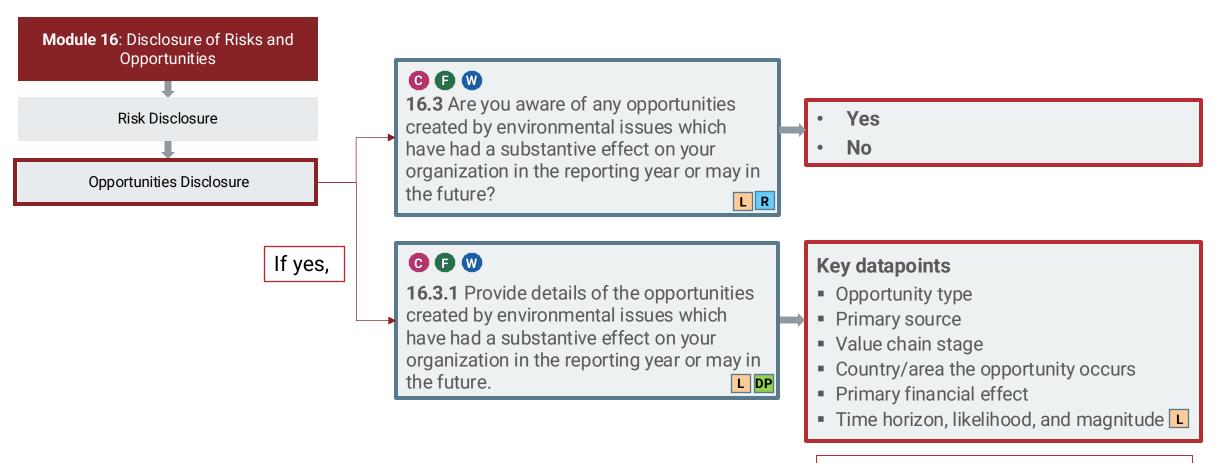
Key datapoints

- Risk type
- Primary source
- Value chain stage
- Country/area the risk occurs
- Primary financial effect
- Time horizon, likelihood, and magnitude
- Potential financial effect figures (minimum & maximum)
- Primary response and related cost

Rationale: These datapoints help to demonstrate your company's clear understanding of the risk.

Module 16 – Opportunity disclosure





Rationale: These datapoints help to demonstrate your company's clear understanding of the opportunity.



Emissions data – Foundation of reporting





Carbon emissions

Measuring and reporting this data is **the key measure of your company's climate impact** – direct or indirect

This is calculated **using data from company consumption data,** such as e.g. company vehicles, manufacturing processes, etc.

Rationale: Carbon Emissions is the key metric of a company's impact, the foundation and basis of climate reporting. Should be accounted by business units (if > 1).



How to account Greenhouse Gases?



Scope 1, 2 and 3

Scope 1 - Direct Emissions

■ GHG emissions from sources you own or control

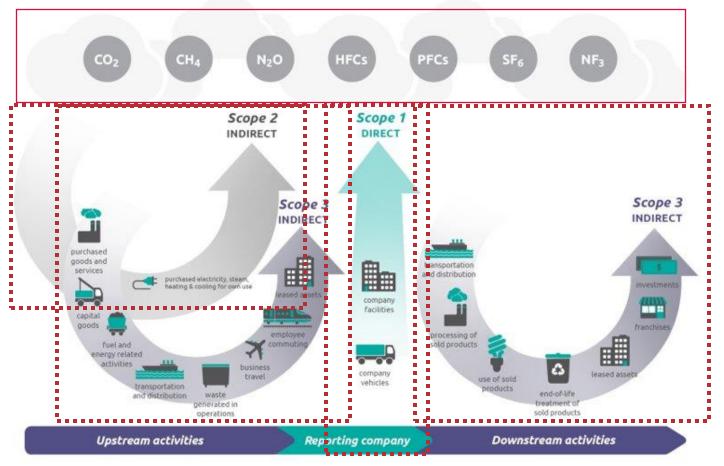
Scope 2 – Indirect Emissions from Energy

GHG emissions from electricity, steam, heating or cooling consumption

Scope 3 – Indirect Emissions from processes of value chain

- GHG emissions from other *upstream* and *downstream* activities in your value chain
- 15 Categories based on the GHG protocol – but you can start by focusing on key emissions that are more relevant to your company

Types of greenhouse gases



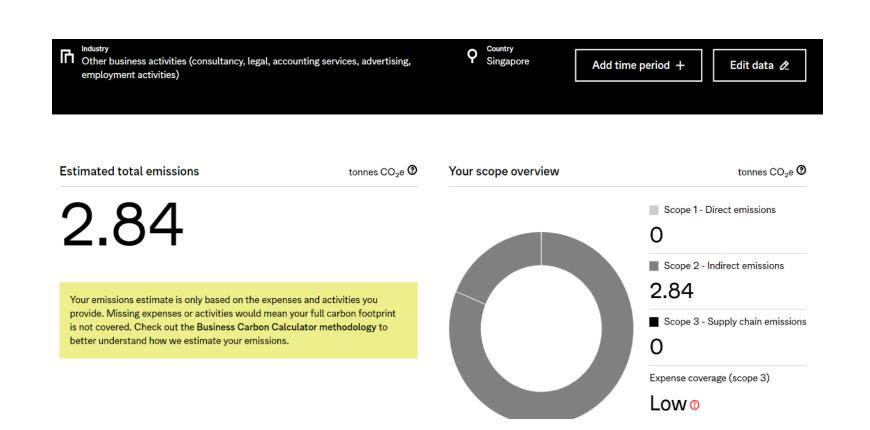


Business Carbon Calculator on SME Climate Hub



Click <u>here</u> to check out the calculator

- ▼ Free to use
- Easy to navigate with step-by-step data input
- Able to calculate Scope 1, 2 and 3
- Every calculator should specify its calculation methodology



What is an Emissions Calculation methodology?



■ These protocols or methodologies include the specific guidelines and recommendations on how you should do your emissions reporting.



Check out the GHG Protocol here



Poll

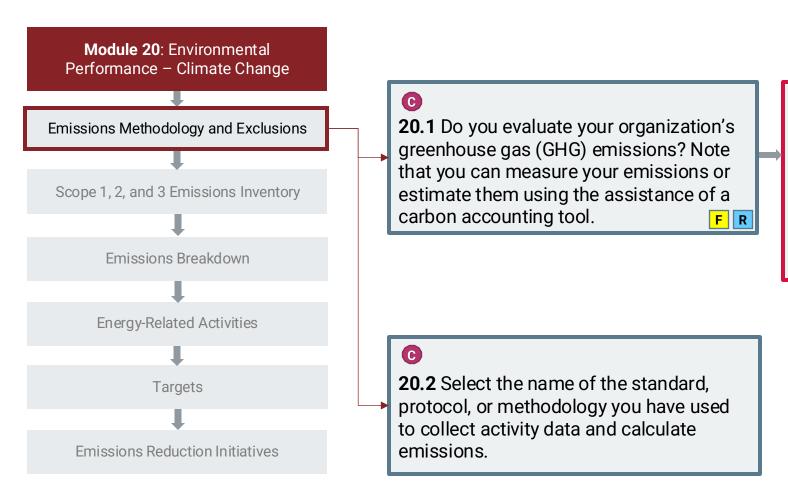


Which of the following should be categorized as Scope 3 emissions?

- A. Direct emissions
- B. Indirect emissions from electricity, steam, heating/cooling consumption
- C. Indirect emissions from processes of value chain

Emissions inventory & methodology





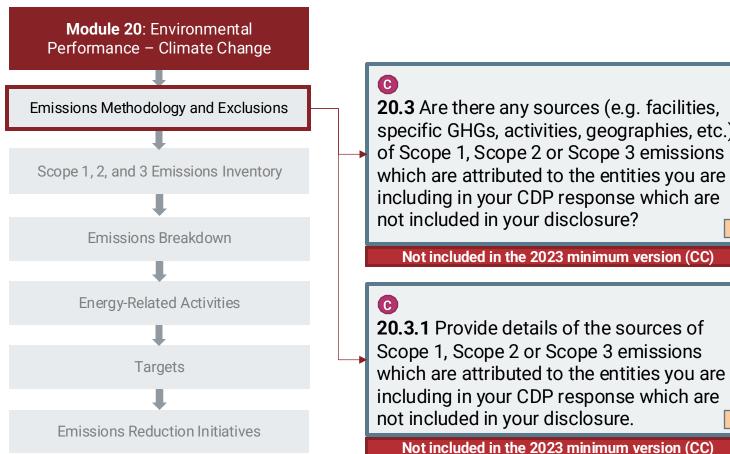
Key datapoints

- Evaluation of Scope 1, 2, and 3 GHG emissions
- Scope 2 approach DP
- Major barriers or challenges DP
- Main measures to manage/resolve challenges
- Emissions data for past reporting years

Rationale: These datapoints help to profile your emissions inventory.

Emissions methodology & Exclusions





specific GHGs, activities, geographies, etc.) of Scope 1, Scope 2 or Scope 3 emissions which are attributed to the entities you are including in your CDP response which are

Not included in the 2023 minimum version (CC)

 Source of excluded emissions Scope(s) or Scope 3 categories

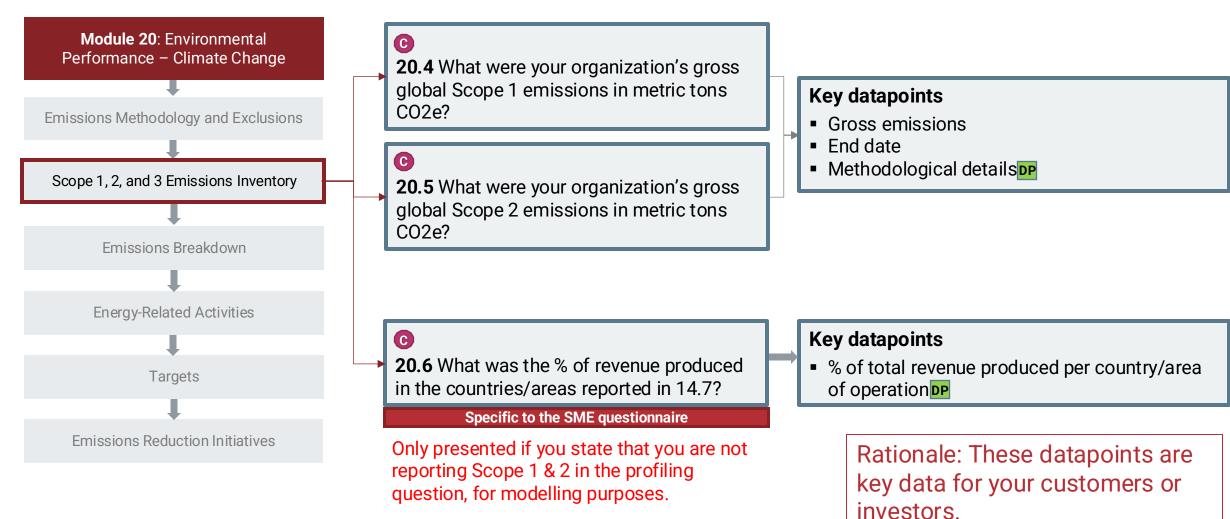
Key datapoints

Relevance of emissions from this source

Rationale: These datapoints help you to explain why certain emission sources are excluded.

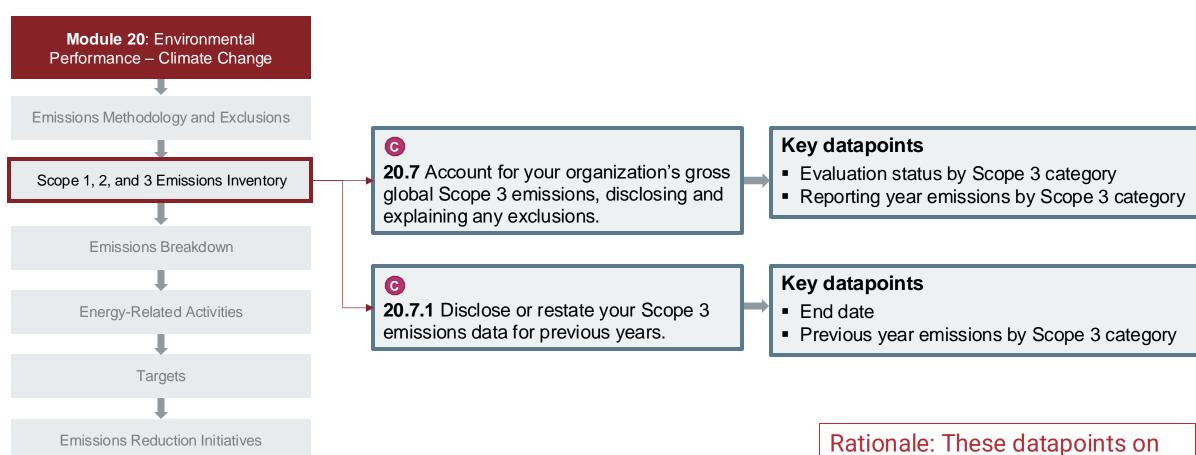
Module 20 – Emissions inventory





Module 20 – Emissions inventory



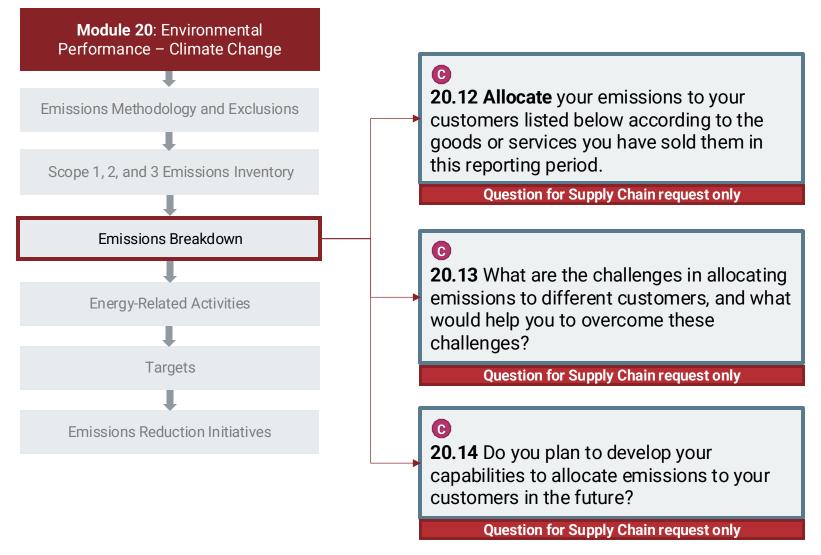


Scope 3 are data on your value chain emissions for your customers or investors.

Module 20 - Emissions breakdown

CDP Supply Chain requested companies*





Rationale: For Supply Chain requested companies, these are key datapoints that they will need from you.

Energy data – activity metric





Energy use - Electricity

Electricity use typically the **biggest contributor to most companies' emissions**. This datapoint is essential to track energy use and efficiency for companies.

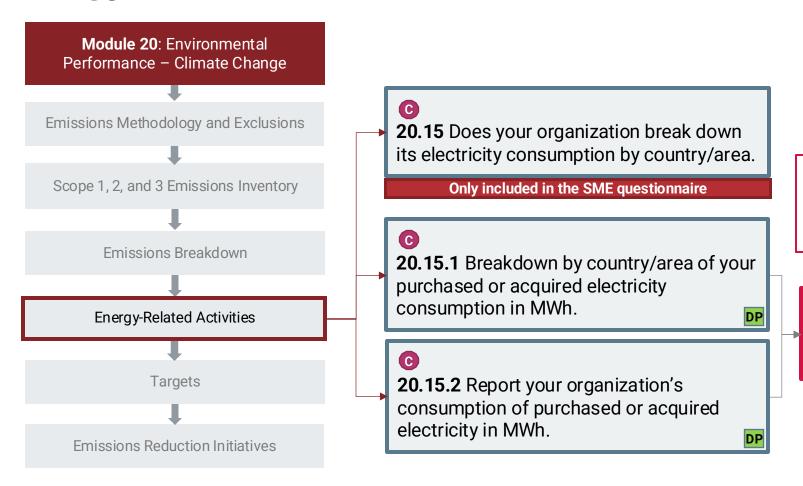
This is calculated by adding all your electricity usage across your operations, and account if you are using renewable energy.

Rationale: Electricity use data provides transparency on a key component of energy use; and allows companies to report best practice if **they are using renewable energy**.



Energy-related activities





Rationale: These datapoints help you demonstrate use of renewable energies.

Key datapoints

- MWh from renewable sources
- MWh from non-renewable sources

Emissions Targets

Commitments to reductions in carbon



Targets

Targets **are a company's commitment to reduce carbon** in their operations.

Targets should be **set**, **reviewed and tracked year-on-year** to ensure there is **commitment and integrity** of a company's climate change targets.

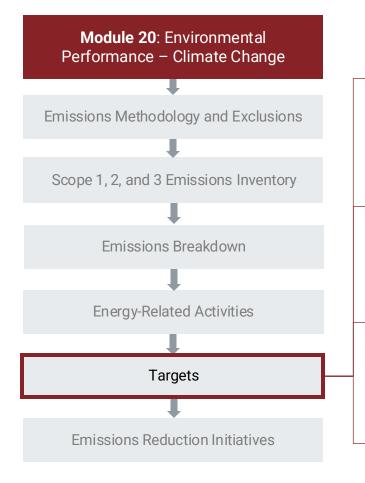
Rationale: Carbon Targets are key metric for data users to understand a company's commitment, and the progress in tackling climate change within their operations, or across their value chain.





Climate-related targets





20.16 Did you have an emissions or other climate-related target that was active in the reporting year?

20.16.1 Provide details of your absolute emissions targets and progress made against those targets.

20.16.2 Provide details of your emissions intensity targets and progress made against those targets.

20.16.3 Provide details of any other climate-related targets that were active in the reporting year.

Rationale: These datapoints help to demonstrate your company's targets and details are essential for due diligence.

Key datapoints

- Target dates, coverage, status, and % achieved
- Total base year emissions DP
- Total emissions in reporting year 📭
- Attachment of the official SBTi validation letter (if applicable)

Key datapoints

- Date target was set & end date
- Target coverage
- Overarching initiative DP



Governance



What is climate governance in my company?

- Governance refers to the board-level oversight and decision making on climate-related issues.
- The questions in this section help to capture governance structure and mechanisms in place
- Data on governance is important as it provides an indication of the importance of climate to the organization.

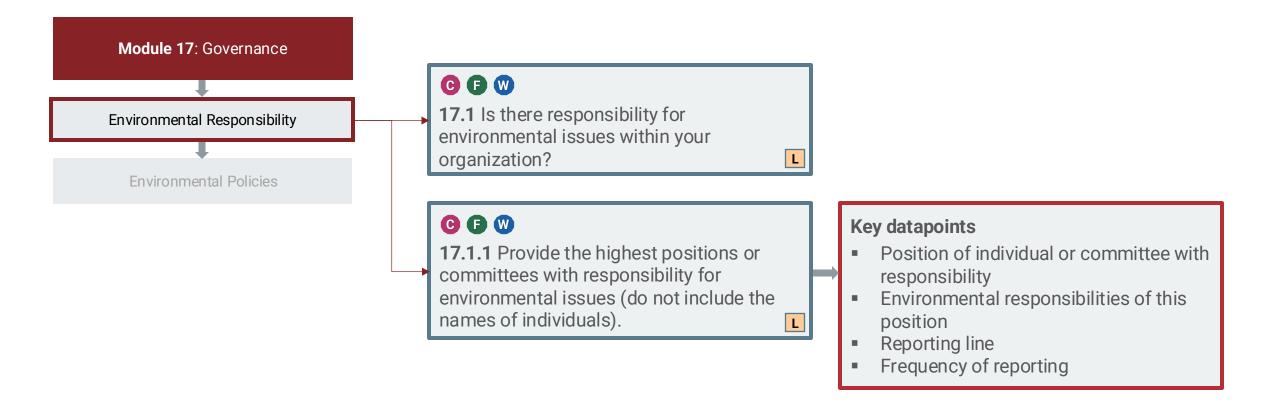


Rationale:

This section is for data users to **understand your high-level approach** to climate issues at board and management level.

Governance – Environmental Responsibility





Rationale: These datapoints show that someone is monitoring and keeping an eye on climate-related issues in your company.



Climate Change Strategy





Climate Transition Plans

A climate transition plan shows how your company will align your business model to a 1.5 -2.0 degree world.

It should include **the actions the company will take**; to serve as a **mechanism for accountability and transparency**.



Financial planning

For companies that have identified your risks and opportunities with climate change, this knowledge **might influence your future financial planning**.



How does climate change affect my business?



What are some impacts of climate change?

Increased temperatures

Unstable Weather

Increased Flooding,
Rising Sea-levels

Rising Sea-levels

Indirect

Increasing efforts to

transition to low carbon

How might climate change impact your company?

Physical Risks

- Short-term : More natural disasters
- Long-term : Temperature increase

Transition Risks

- Regulations
 - Carbon Tax, etc.
- Technological
 - New greener technologies, etc.
- Market
 - Change in consumer preferences, etc.





Climate Change

Climate Change Strategy





Climate Transition Plans

A climate transition plan is a sum of all your company's efforts to align your business model to a 1.5 -2.0 degree world.

It should include **the all actions the company will take**; to serve as a **mechanism for accountability and transparency**.



Financial planning

For companies that have identified your risks and opportunities with climate change, this knowledge **might influence your future financial planning**.



Climate Change Strategy - VCE



Value Chain Engagement and Action

Engaging with value chain stakeholders can be especially valuable for sharing learnings, building expertise, enhancing risk management, and taking action to address environmental impacts.

Examples include: education within your company; environmentally responsible sourcing with suppliers; educating customers of sustainable practices and products, etc.

Rationale: Value Chain engagement data is crucial for users to understand how your company is dealing with Scope 3 emissions, and an opportunity to collaborate with your value chain on climate change.





What is my value chain?

Your value chain is the entire chain of business, from resource extraction to the end of consumption.
Current actions typically involve Tier 1 relationships(direct contacts) but ambitions are moving beyond that.



Module 18 – Value chain engagement







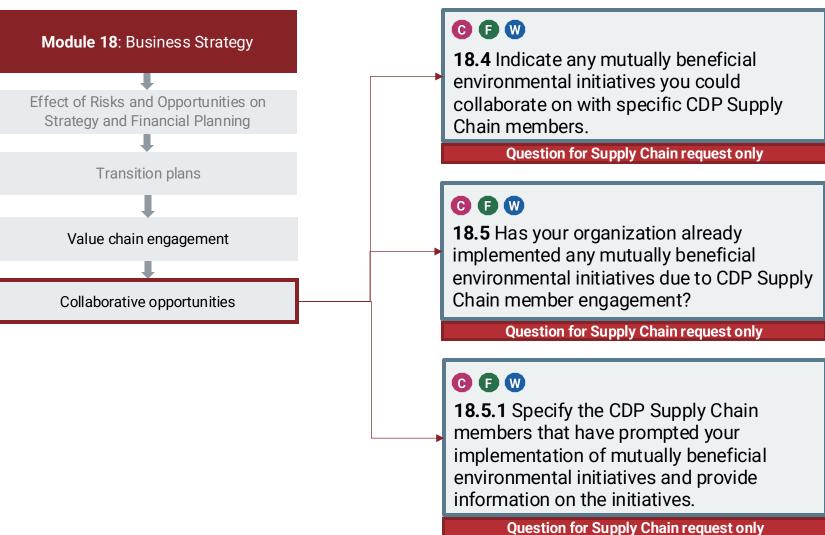
Key datapoints

- Engagement per value chain stakeholder
- Type of engagement
- Details of engagement

Rationale: These datapoints help to demonstrate your company's maturity if you are engaging your value chain on environmental issues.

Module 18 – Value chain engagement

CDP Supply Chain requested companies*





These are key datapoints for supply chain requested companies, as they want to look for opportunities of collaboration.

Recap: What kind of information is required?

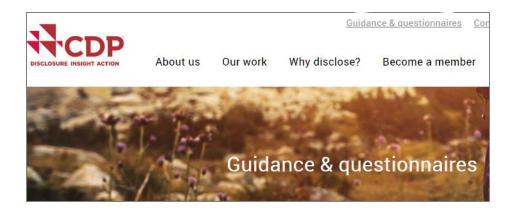
The 5W1H in reporting for your company

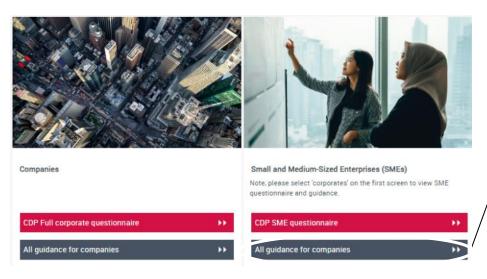
Further Information & Sign off

Key information requested SME Questionnaire Modules The WHEN: Your company's reporting cycles and Introduction other information Identification, Assessment & Management of Risks & Opportunities The **WHY**: Risks and Opportunities as the motivation to take sustainability action Disclosure of risks and opportunities The **WHO**: Who is responsible for sustainability in Governance your organisation? **Business Strategy** The **HOW**: How is your organisation going to meet your sustainability goals? Environmental Performance – Consolidation Approach The WHAT and WHERE: What are your sustainability metrics in climate change? Environmental Performance – Climate Change



Resources: 2024 disclosure materials





Small and Medium-sized Enterprises (SMEs)



CDP SME corporate questionnaire and

View the SME corporate questionnaire

and reporting guidance for 2024. Note,

please select 'corporates' on the first

screen to view SME guidance.**

reporting guidance



CDP SME questionnaire - Overview

Learn more about the structure of the SME questionnaire, the environmental issues covered, as well as high-level guidance for disclosers to facilitate consistent and accurate reporting. CDP SME Questionlevel Map 2024

[to be published soon]

** You can download a <u>static PDF copy of CDP's 2024 SME questionnaire and guidance</u> to your device too. However, for the best user experience, we recommend accessing these through the CDP Portal wherever possible.

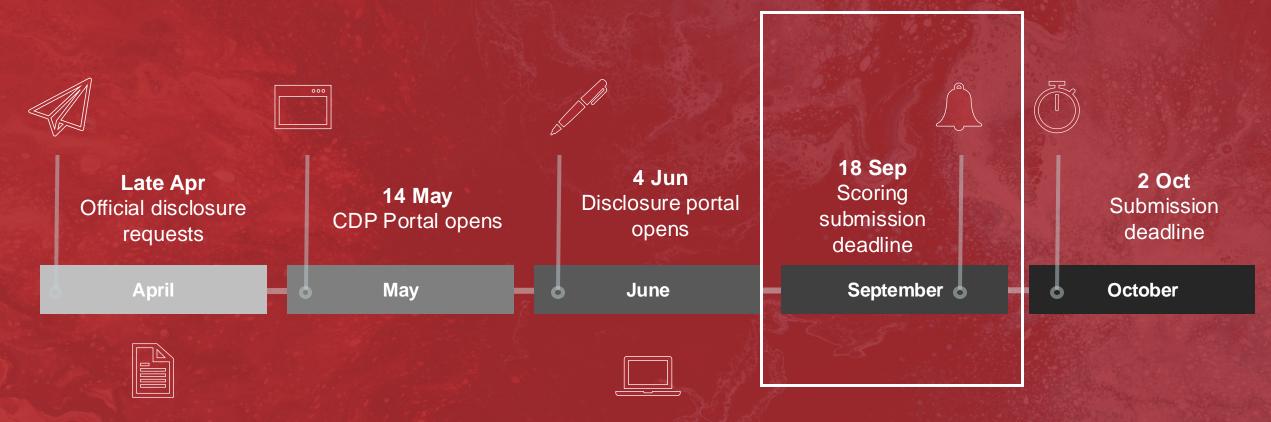
Available Resources for SMEs

Resources	Link to Resource		
Portal	myportal.cdp.net		
Questionnaire Previews, CDP Scoring Methodology for SMEs	Guidance for companies - CDP		
Disclosure Workshops (under Southeast Asia and Oceania)	CDP workshops and webinars - CDP		
GHGs emissions calculations	SME Climate Hub Calculator: https://smeclimatehub.org/start-measuring/		
	Accounting Methodologies: Greenhouse Gas Protocol		
SME Climate Hub Academy	https://academy.smeclimatehub.org/home		
CDP Help Center for Platform Issues	Home - CDP Help Center		



2024 | Timeline for disclosers





2 May 2024 Questionnaires available

Disclosure webinars

2nd July – Integrated questionnaire

3rd July – Forests disclsoure

4th July – SME questionnaire

10th July - Financial Services questionnaire

Admin Fee

CDP DISCLOSURE INSIGHT ACTION

▼ The admin fee applies to companies requested to disclose by CDP's Capital Market Signatories, as well as self-selected disclosers

■ Disclosers requested by a Supply Chain member, and/or a Banks program member, and/or the RE100 initiative **are exempt** from paying the admin fee

Organization Headquarters	Enhanced Fee	Foundation Fee	Essential Fee
AustraliaNew ZealandSoutheast AsiaSouth KoreaHong Kong, China	US\$7,300	US\$3,100	n/a
• India	₹5,70,000	₹2,27,500	₹91,000

More information can be found on our website: Admin fee FAQ - CDP



Next Steps



■ Keep an eye on your inbox – CDP will reach out to alert you with updates.

■ Make sure "@cdp.net" is marked as a safe sender by your IT team.

You can view the 2024 CDP SME questionnaire on our <u>Guidance for Companies</u> page.

Reach out to your point of contact or the CDP Help Center with questions.





